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requisitioned by various production units in the plant. Since prices of material are expected to fluctuate at different rates, this plant-wide grouping does not constitute a homogeneous grouping of material. Contractor D's practice does not comply with provisions of 9904.407-50(b)(2) of this Cost Accounting Standard. However, if he would maintain several purchaseditems inventory accounts, each representing a homogeneous grouping of material, and maintain a materialprice variance account for each of these homogeneous groupings of material, Contractor D's practice would comply with 9904.407-50(b)(2) of this Cost Accounting Standard.

(e)(1) Contractor E recognizes material-price variances at the time purchases of material are entered into the books of account and allocates variances at the end of each month. During the month of May, a homogeneous grouping of material has accumulated the following data:

	Material cost at standard	Material price vari- ance
Inventory, May 1Additions in May	\$150,000 1,850,000	\$20,000 120,000
Total	2,000,000 900,000 450,000 300,000 150,000	140,000
Inventory, May 31	200,000	

(2) Contractor E establishes a material-price variance rate of 7% (\$140,000 ÷ \$2,000,000) and allocates as follows:

	Material cost at standard	Material price vari- ance rate (%)	Material price vari- ance allo- cation	
Production Unit 1 Production Unit 2 Production Unit 3 Production Unit 4 Ending inventory of	\$900,000 450,000 300,000 150,000	7 7 7 7	\$63,000 31,500 21,000 10,500	
homogeneous grouping of material	200,000	7	14,000	
Total	2,000,000		140,000	

Contractor E's practice complies with provisions of 9904.407-50(b)(3)(ii) of this Cost Accounting Standard.

(f)(1) Contractor F makes year-end adjustments for variances attributable

to covered contracts. During the year just ended, a covered contract was processed in four production units, each with homogeneous outputs. Data with respect to output and to labor of each of the four production units are as follows:

Production unit	Total units of output	Total units used by the covered contract	Total labor costs at standard	Total labor-cost variance
1	100,000	10,000	\$400,000	\$20,000
	30,000	6,000	900,000	30,000
	20,000	5,000	600,000	10,000
	10,000	4,000	500,000	20,000

(2) Since the outputs of each production unit are homogeneous, Contractor F uses the units of output as the basis of making memorandum worksheet adjustments concerning applicable variances, and establishes the following figures:

	Labor- cost vari- ance per unit of unit	Units used by the cov- ered con- tract	Labor- cost vari- ance at- tributable to the covered contract
Production Unit 1	\$0.20	10,000	\$2,000
Production Unit 2	1.00	6.000	6.000
Production Unit 3	.50	5,000	2,500
Production Unit 4	2.00	4,000	8,000
Total labor-cost vari- ance attributable to			
the covered contract			18,500

(3) Contractor F makes a year-end adjustment of \$18,500 as the labor-cost variances attributable to the covered contract. Contractor F's practice complies with provisions of 9904.407–50(e) of this Cost Accounting Standard.

 $[57~\mathrm{FR}~14153,~\mathrm{Apr.}~17,~1992;~57~\mathrm{FR}~34167,~\mathrm{Aug.}~3,~1992]$ 

## 9904.407-61 Interpretation. [Reserved]9904.407-62 Exemption.

None for this Standard.

## 9904.407-63 Effective date.

This Standard is effective as of April 17, 1992. Contractors with prior CAS-covered contracts with full coverage shall continue this Standard's applicability upon receipt of a contract to